

6-10 Years Questions



Patient Name:	DOB:	Date:
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Any questions or concerns today? Please circle all that apply.

Eating	Y	N	Speech	Y	N
Elimination (voiding/stooling)	Y	N	Behavior	Y	N
Sleeping	Y	N	School	Y	N
Height/Weight	Y	N	Other	Y	N
Hearing/Vision	Y	N			

Any family changes or stressors since last visit? Y N

Any illnesses or injuries since your last visit? Y N

Do you use sunscreen and bug spray? Y N

Do you use a booster seat in the backseat of the car? Y N

If no, is you child always riding in the backseat with a seatbelt? Y N

Does your child go to before/after school daycare? Y N

Does your child go to the dentist twice a year? Y N

Does your child wear a helmet when:

Riding a bike or scooter? Y N

Rollerblading or skateboarding? Y N

Riding an ATV? Y N

Does your child know how to swim? Y N

Has your child experienced any problems with bullying at school? Y N

Does your child have a computer or TV in his/her room? Y N

Does your child spend 2+ hours per day total combined with TV, video games, computer? Y N

Have you talked to your child about talking to strangers in person AND online? Y N

Do you monitor your child’s phone/computer/social media use? Y N

Do you have a gun in your home? Y N

Is it unloaded, locked and with ammunition stored and locked separately? Y N

SEE REVERSE FOR ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS

6-10 Years Questions



Patient Name:

DOB:

Date:

Food Insecurity & Transportation Questions (mark your answer):

- Within the past 12 months, you worried that your food would run out before you got money to buy more.
 - Often true
 - Sometimes true
 - Never true
- Within the past 12 months, the food you bought just didn't last and you didn't have money to get more.
 - Often true
 - Sometimes true
 - Never true
- In the past 12 months, has lack of transportation kept you from medical appointments, meetings, working or from getting things needed for daily living (mark all that apply)?
 - Yes, it has kept me from medical appointments or getting medications
 - Yes, it has kept me from non-medical meetings, appointments, work or getting things that I need
 - No

Patient Name:	DOB:	Date:
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INSTRUCTIONS: Emotional and physical health go together in children. Because caregivers are often the first to notice a problem with their child’s behavior, emotions or learning, you may help your child get the best care possible by answering these questions. Please mark under the heading that best fits your child.

Does your child:	Never	Sometimes	Often
1) Feel sad.			
2) Feel hopeless.			
3) Feel down on him/herself.			
4) Worry a lot.			
5) Seem to be having less fun.			
6) Fidget, is unable to sit still.			
7) Daydream too much.			
8) Distract easily.			
9) Have trouble concentrating.			
10) Act as if driven by a motor.			
11) Fight with other children.			
12) Not listen to rules.			
13) Not understand other people’s feelings.			
14) Tease others.			
15) Blame others for his/her troubles.			
16) Refuse to share.			
17) Take things that do not belong to him/her.			

PSC 17 Gardner W, Murphy M, Childs G et al. (1999)



BRIGHT FUTURES HANDOUT ► PARENT

7 AND 8 YEAR VISITS

Here are some suggestions from Bright Futures experts that may be of value to your family.

✓ HOW YOUR FAMILY IS DOING

- Encourage your child to be independent and responsible. Hug and praise her.
- Spend time with your child. Get to know her friends and their families.
- Take pride in your child for good behavior and doing well in school.
- Help your child deal with conflict.
- If you are worried about your living or food situation, talk with us. Community agencies and programs such as SNAP can also provide information and assistance.
- Don't smoke or use e-cigarettes. Keep your home and car smoke-free. Tobacco-free spaces keep children healthy.
- Don't use alcohol or drugs. If you're worried about a family member's use, let us know, or reach out to local or online resources that can help.
- Put the family computer in a central place.
 - Know who your child talks with online.
 - Install a safety filter.

✓ YOUR GROWING CHILD

- Give your child chores to do and expect them to be done.
- Be a good role model.
- Don't hit or allow others to hit.
- Help your child do things for himself.
- Teach your child to help others.
- Discuss rules and consequences with your child.
- Be aware of puberty and changes in your child's body.
- Use simple responses to answer your child's questions.
- Talk with your child about what worries him.

✓ STAYING HEALTHY

- Take your child to the dentist twice a year.
- Give a fluoride supplement if the dentist recommends it.
- Help your child brush her teeth twice a day
 - After breakfast
 - Before bed
- Use a pea-sized amount of toothpaste with fluoride.
- Help your child floss her teeth once a day.
- Encourage your child to always wear a mouth guard to protect her teeth while playing sports.
- Encourage healthy eating by
 - Eating together often as a family
 - Serving vegetables, fruits, whole grains, lean protein, and low-fat or fat-free dairy
 - Limiting sugars, salt, and low-nutrient foods
- Limit screen time to 2 hours (not counting schoolwork).
- Don't put a TV or computer in your child's bedroom.
- Consider making a family media use plan. It helps you make rules for media use and balance screen time with other activities, including exercise.
- Encourage your child to play actively for at least 1 hour daily.

✓ SCHOOL

- Help your child get ready for school. Use the following strategies:
 - Create bedtime routines so he gets 10 to 11 hours of sleep.
 - Offer him a healthy breakfast every morning.
- Attend back-to-school night, parent-teacher events, and as many other school events as possible.
- Talk with your child and child's teacher about bullies.
- Talk with your child's teacher if you think your child might need extra help or tutoring.
- Know that your child's teacher can help with evaluations for special help, if your child is not doing well in school.

Helpful Resources: Family Media Use Plan: www.healthychildren.org/MediaUsePlan

Smoking Quit Line: 800-784-8669 | Information About Car Safety Seats: www.safercar.gov/parents | Toll-free Auto Safety Hotline: 888-327-4236

7 AND 8 YEAR VISITS—PARENT

✓ SAFETY

- The back seat is the safest place to ride in a car until your child is 13 years old.
- Your child should use a belt-positioning booster seat until the vehicle's lap and shoulder belts fit.
- Teach your child to swim and watch her in the water.
- Use a hat, sun protection clothing, and sunscreen with SPF of 15 or higher on her exposed skin. Limit time outside when the sun is strongest (11:00 am–3:00 pm).
- Provide a properly fitting helmet and safety gear for riding scooters, biking, skating, in-line skating, skiing, snowboarding, and horseback riding.
- If it is necessary to keep a gun in your home, store it unloaded and locked with the ammunition locked separately from the gun.
- Teach your child plans for emergencies such as a fire. Teach your child how and when to dial 911.
- Teach your child how to be safe with other adults.
 - No adult should ask a child to keep secrets from parents.
 - No adult should ask to see a child's private parts.
 - No adult should ask a child for help with the adult's own private parts.

Consistent with *Bright Futures: Guidelines for Health Supervision of Infants, Children, and Adolescents*, 4th Edition

For more information, go to <https://brightfutures.aap.org>.

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The information contained in this handout should not be used as a substitute for the medical care and advice of your pediatrician. There may be variations in treatment that your pediatrician may recommend based on individual facts and circumstances. Original handout included as part of the *Bright Futures Tool and Resource Kit*, 2nd Edition.

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BRIGHT FUTURES HANDOUT ► PATIENT

7 AND 8 YEAR VISITS

Here are some suggestions from Bright Futures experts that may be of value to you and your family.

✓ TAKING CARE OF YOU

- If you get angry with someone, try to walk away.
- Don't try cigarettes or e-cigarettes. They are bad for you. Walk away if someone offers you one.
- Talk with us if you are worried about alcohol or drug use in your family.
- Go online only when your parents say it's OK. Don't give your name, address, or phone number on a Web site unless your parents say it's OK.
- If you want to chat online, tell your parents first.
- If you feel scared online, get off and tell your parents.
- Enjoy spending time with your family. Help out at home.

✓ HANDLING FEELINGS

- Talk about your worries. It helps.
- Talk about feeling mad or sad with someone who you trust and listens well.
- Ask your parent or another trusted adult about changes in your body.
- Even questions that feel embarrassing are important. It's OK to talk about your body and how it's changing.

✓ EATING WELL AND BEING ACTIVE

- Brush your teeth at least twice each day, morning and night.
- Floss your teeth every day.
- Wear a mouth guard when playing sports.
- Eat breakfast every day.
- Be a healthy eater. It helps you do well in school and sports.
 - Have vegetables, fruits, lean protein, and whole grains at meals and snacks.
 - Eat when you're hungry. Stop when you feel satisfied.
 - Eat with your family often.
- If you drink fruit juice, drink only 1 cup of 100% fruit juice a day.
- Limit high-fat foods and drinks such as candies, snacks, fast food, and soft drinks.
- Have healthy snacks such as fruit, cheese, and yogurt.
- Drink at least 3 glasses of milk daily.
- Turn off the TV, tablet, or computer. Get up and play instead.
- Go out and play several times a day.

✓ DOING WELL AT SCHOOL

- Try to do your best at school. Doing well in school helps you feel good about yourself.
- Ask for help when you need it.
- Find clubs and teams to join.
- Tell kids who pick on you or try to hurt you to stop. Then walk away.
- Tell adults you trust about bullies.

7 AND 8 YEAR VISITS—PATIENT



PLAYING IT SAFE

- Make sure you're always buckled into your booster seat and ride in the back seat of the car. That is where you are safest.
- Wear your helmet and safety gear when riding scooters, biking, skating, in-line skating, skiing, snowboarding, and horseback riding.
- Ask your parents about learning to swim. Never swim without an adult nearby.
- Always wear sunscreen and a hat when you're outside. Try not to be outside for too long between 11:00 am and 3:00 pm, when it's easy to get a sunburn.
- Don't open the door to anyone you don't know.
- Have friends over only when your parents say it's OK.
- Ask a grown-up for help if you are scared or worried.
- It is OK to ask to go home from a friend's house and be with your mom or dad.
- Keep your private parts (the parts of your body covered by a bathing suit) covered.
- Tell your parent or another grown-up right away if an older child or a grown-up
 - Shows you his or her private parts.
 - Asks you to show him or her yours.
 - Touches your private parts.
 - Scares you or asks you not to tell your parents.
 - If that person does any of these things, get away as soon as you can and tell your parent or another adult you trust.
- If you see a gun, don't touch it. Tell your parents right away.

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